

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper
reference

WMA13/01

Mathematics

International Advanced Level Pure Mathematics P3

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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- 1.** In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^3 - 4x - 15}{x^2 + 3x + 4}$$

- (a) Show that

$$f(x) \equiv Ax + B + \frac{C(2x+3)}{x^2 + 3x + 4}$$

where A , B and C are integers to be found.

(4)

- (b) Hence, find

$$\int_3^5 f(x)dx$$

giving your answer in the form $p + \ln q$, where p and q are integers.

(5)



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Q1

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2. The functions f and g are defined by

$$f(x) = 5 - \frac{4}{3x+2} \quad x \geq 0$$

$$g(x) = \left| 4 \sin\left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \right| \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

- (a) Find the range of f (2)

(b) (i) Find $f^{-1}(x)$

(ii) Write down the domain of f^{-1} (3)

(c) Find $fg(-\pi)$ (2)

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- 3.** In this question you must show all stages of your working.

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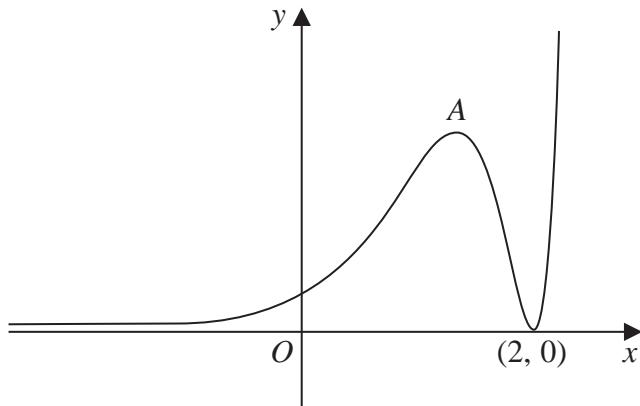


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$ where

$$f(x) = (x - 2)^2 e^{3x} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

The curve has a maximum turning point at A and a minimum turning point at $(2, 0)$

- (a) Use calculus to find the exact coordinates of A.

(5)

Given that the equation $f(x) = k$, where k is a constant, has **at least** two distinct roots,

- (b) state the range of possible values for k .

(2)



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Q3

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- 4.** $y = \log_{10}(2x + 1)$

(a) Express x in terms of y .

(2)

(b) Hence, giving your answer in terms of x , find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(3)

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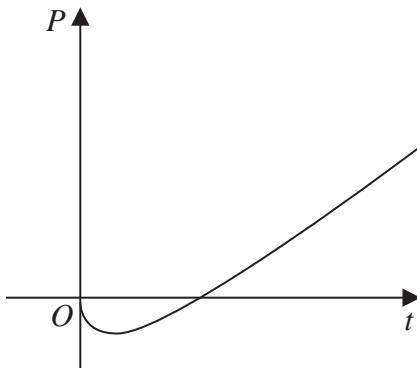
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**Figure 2**

The profit made by a company, £ P million, t years after the company started trading, is modelled by the equation

$$P = \frac{4t - 1}{10} + \frac{3}{4} \ln \left[\frac{t + 1}{(2t + 1)^2} \right]$$

The graph of P against t is shown in Figure 2.

According to the model,

- (a) show that exactly one year after it started trading, the company had made a loss of approximately £830 000 (2)

A manager of the company wants to know the value of t for which $P = 0$

- (b) Show that this value of t occurs in the interval [6, 7] (2)
- (c) Show that the equation $P = 0$ can be expressed in the form

$$t = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{15}{8} \ln \left[\frac{(2t + 1)^2}{t + 1} \right] (2)$$

- (d) Using the iteration formula

$$t_{n+1} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{15}{8} \ln \left[\frac{(2t_n + 1)^2}{t_n + 1} \right] \text{ with } t_1 = 6$$

find the value of t_2 and the value of t_6 , giving your answers to 3 decimal places. (3)

- (e) Hence find, according to the model, how many months it takes in total, from when the company started trading, for it to make a profit. (2)

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Q5

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6.

$$y = \frac{2 + 3\sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$$

Show that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{a \tan x + b \sec x + c}{\sec x + 2 \sin x}$$

where a , b and c are integers to be found.

(6)

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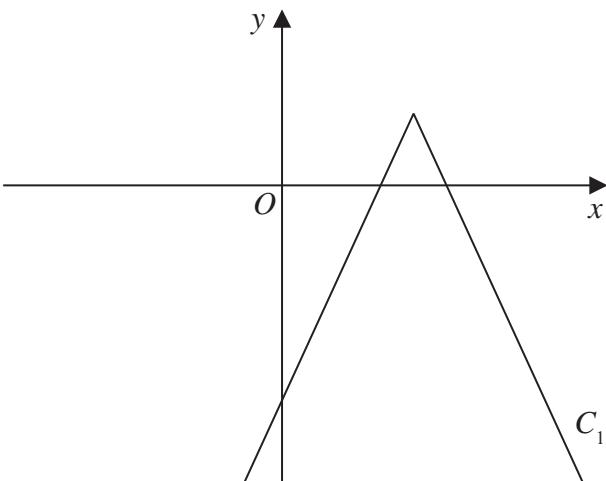
**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows a sketch of the graph of C_1 with equation

$$y = 5 - |3x - 22|$$

- (a) Write down the coordinates of
- (i) the vertex of C_1
 - (ii) the intersection of C_1 with the y -axis. (2)
- (b) Find the x coordinates of the intersections of C_1 with the x -axis. (2)

Diagram 1, shown on page 21, is a copy of Figure 3.

- (c) On Diagram 1, sketch the curve C_2 with equation

$$y = \frac{1}{9}x^2 - 9$$

Identify clearly the coordinates of any points of intersection of C_2 with the coordinate axes. (3)

- (d) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of C_1 and C_2
(Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.)

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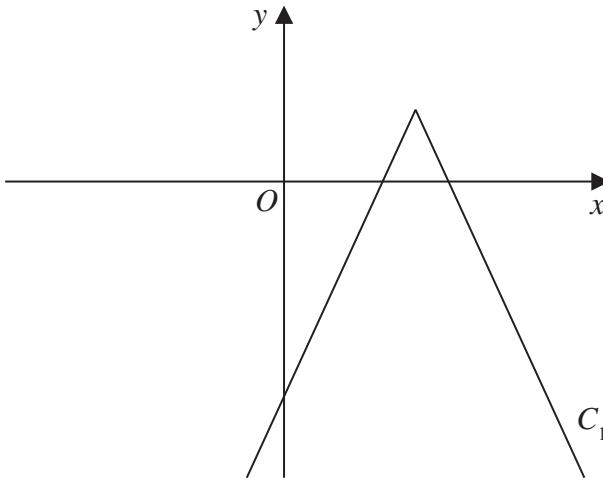


Diagram 1



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Q7

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- 8.** In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

- (a) Express $8\sin x - 15\cos x$ in the form $R\sin(x - \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$

Give the exact value of R , and give the value of α , in radians, to 4 significant figures. (3)

$$f(x) = \frac{15}{41 + 16\sin x - 30\cos x} \quad x > 0$$

- (b) Find

- (i) the minimum value of $f(x)$
 - (ii) the smallest value of x at which this minimum value occurs.

- (c) State the y coordinate of the minimum points on the curve with equation

$$y = 2f(x) - 5 \quad x > 0 \quad (1)$$

- (d) State the smallest value of x at which a maximum point occurs for the curve with equation

$$y = -f(2x) \quad x > 0 \quad (1)$$



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- 9.** In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Given that $\cos 2\theta - \sin 3\theta \neq 0$

- (a) prove that

$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos 2\theta - \sin 3\theta} \equiv \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{1 - 2\sin \theta - 4\sin^2 \theta} \quad (4)$$

- (b) Hence solve, for $0 < \theta \leqslant 360^\circ$

$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos 2\theta - \sin 3\theta} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} \theta$$

Give your answers to one decimal place.

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Q9

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TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

